

1000BASE-EZX SFP 1550nm 160KM DDM SMF Transceiver

P/N: AE-SFP-ZX160

Features

- Dual data-rate of 1.25Gbps/1.063Gbps operation
- 1550nm DFB laser and APD photodetector for 150km transmission
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Compatible with SONET OC-24-LR-1
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring: Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature: Standard: 0 to +70°C Extended: -40 to +85°C

Applications

- Gigabit Ethernet
- Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

I. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|-----------------|------|-----|------|
| Supply Voltage | V _{cc} | -0.5 | 4.5 | V |
| Storage Temperature | T _s | -40 | +85 | °C |
| Operating Humidity | - | 5 | 85 | % |

II. Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------|------------------|------|---------|------|------|
| Operating Case Temperature | Standard | 0 | | +70 | °C |
| | Extended | -20 | | +85 | °C |
| Power Supply Voltage | V _{cc} | 3.13 | 3.3 | 3.47 | V |
| Power Supply Current | I _{cc} | | | 300 | mA |
| Data Rate | Gigabit Ethernet | | 1.25 | | Gbps |
| | Fiber Channel | | 1.063 | | |

III. Optical and Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit | Notes |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------|---------|-----------------|----------|-------|
| Transmitter | | | | | | |
| Centre Wavelength | λ_c | 1520 | 1550 | 1580 | nm | |
| Spectral Width (-20dB) | $\Delta\lambda$ | | | 1 | nm | |
| Average Output Power | P _{out} | 1 | | 6 | dBm | 1 |
| Extinction Ratio | ER | 9 | | | dB | |
| Optical Rise/Fall Time (20%~80%) | tr/tf | | | 0.26 | ns | |
| Data Input Swing Differential | V _{IN} | 400 | | 1800 | mV | 2 |
| Input Differential Impedance | Z _{IN} | 90 | 100 | 110 | Ω | |
| TX Disable | Disable | 2.0 | | V _{cc} | V | |
| | Enable | 0 | | 0.8 | V | |
| TX Fault | Fault | 2.0 | | V _{cc} | V | |
| | Normal | 0 | | 0.8 | V | |
| Receiver | | | | | | |
| Centre Wavelength | λ_c | 1260 | | 1580 | nm | |
| Receiver Sensitivity | | | | -35 | dBm | 3 |
| Receiver Overload | | -10 | | | dBm | 3 |
| LOS De-Assert | LOS _D | | | -38 | dBm | |
| LOS Assert | LOS _A | -45 | | | dBm | |
| LOS Hysteresis | | 0.5 | | 4.5 | dB | |
| Data Output Swing Differential | V _{out} | 370 | | 1800 | mV | 4 |
| LOS | High | 2.0 | | V _{cc} | V | |
| | Low | | | 0.8 | V | |

Notes:

- The optical power is launched into SMF.
- PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.

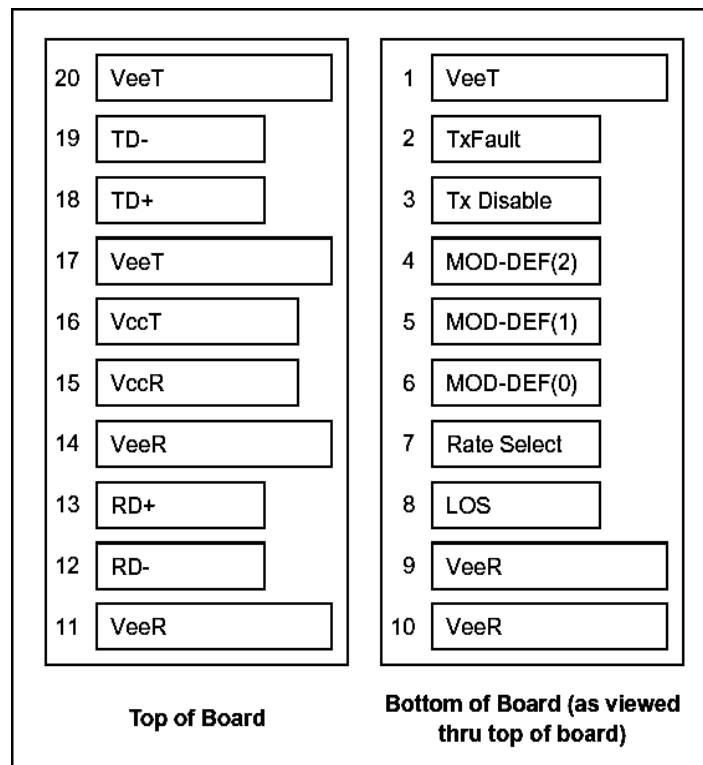
3. Measured with a PRBS 27-1 test pattern @1250Mbps, BER $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$.

4. Internally AC-coupled.

IV. Timing and Electrical

| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
|---|----------------|-----|---------|-----------------|---------|
| Tx Disable Negate Time | t_on | | | 1 | ms |
| Tx Disable Assert Time | t_off | | | 10 | μ s |
| Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault | t_init | | | 300 | ms |
| Tx Fault Assert Time | t_fault | | | 100 | μ s |
| Tx Disable To Reset | t_reset | 10 | | | μ s |
| LOS Assert Time | t_loss_on | | | 100 | μ s |
| LOS De-assert Time | t_loss_off | | | 100 | μ s |
| Serial ID Clock Rate | f_serial_clock | | | 400 | KHz |
| MOD_DEF (0:2)-High | V _H | 2 | | V _{cc} | V |
| MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low | V _L | | | 0.8 | V |

V. Pin Definitions



VI. Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Signal Name | Description | Plug Seq. | Notes |
|-----|------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------|
| 1 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |

| | | | | |
|----|------------------|------------------------------|---|--------|
| 2 | TX FAULT | Transmitter Fault Indication | 3 | Note 1 |
| 3 | TX DISABLE | Transmitter Disable | 3 | Note 2 |
| 4 | MOD_DEF(2) | SDA Serial Data Signal | 3 | Note 3 |
| 5 | MOD_DEF(1) | SCL Serial Clock Signal | 3 | Note 3 |
| 6 | MOD_DEF(0) | TTL Low | 3 | Note 3 |
| 7 | Rate Select | Not Connected | 3 | |
| 8 | LOS | Loss of Signal | 3 | Note 4 |
| 9 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 10 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 11 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 12 | RD- | Inv. Received Data Out | 3 | Note 5 |
| 13 | RD+ | Received Data Out | 3 | Note 5 |
| 14 | V _{EER} | Receiver ground | 1 | |
| 15 | V _{CCR} | Receiver Power Supply | 2 | |
| 16 | V _{CCT} | Transmitter Power Supply | 2 | |
| 17 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |
| 18 | TD+ | Transmit Data In | 3 | Note 6 |
| 19 | TD- | Inv. Transmit Data In | 3 | Note 6 |
| 20 | V _{EET} | Transmitter Ground | 1 | |

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and V_{cc}+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8V, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be V_{ccT} or V_{ccR}.

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and V_{cc}+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.

6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

VII. Ordering information

| Part Number | Product Description |
|--------------------|--|
| AE-SFP-ZX150 | SFP, 1.25Gb/s, 1550nm, SMF, 150KM, DDM, LC connector, 0°C to +70°C |
| AE-SFP-ZX150I | SFP, 1.25Gb/s, 1550nm, SMF, 150KM, DDM, LC connector, -40°C to +85°C |